Immense Amount of Property Destroyed.

over 40,000 Loyal People Abandoned to a Barbarous Poe.

By passengers who arrived here on the U. S. transport steamer Collins, from North Carolina, we

Washington, one of the strongest fortified points in North Carelina, which has required two years of labor of money to make it impregnable herenemy might send, has, by an or ered that previously the enemy had left

large tract of country, containing over

on of Washington, have rendered houseless and ly thousand Union people, who have been mpelled to leave suddenly for Newbern and Beaufort,

rere stationed at Plymouth, and eight companies of the 1st North Carolina Volunteers at Washington.

The families of these level Southern soldiers number more than a thousand women and children, who are Their suffering condition demands

The men of the 2d North Carolina Volunteers have not yet received a dollar of pay or bounty from the Govof other refugee families are similarly situated.

Gen. Butler has requested him to report at his head

Medical Director Hand and Medical Inspector Coegil have directed him to go North for rest and quiet, as a necessity, to prevent permanent disability. He is sufm the injuries received during the siege of

Gen. Butler's Improvements in the Man agement of Affairs in Norfolk-The Besutts Attnined-Admirable Conduct of Reclaimed Rebels on Duty.

NORPOLK, April 29, 1864. The public have been informed of the improvements projected in this city by Major-Gen. Butler, and tion to make this Department pay for itself. This plan having been adopted, let me narrate some o

periment have been entiripated





Vol. XXIV No. 7,202.

NEW-YORK. THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1864.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

LATE SOUTHERN NEWS.

Skirmish in Northern Georgia-List of Members Elect of the New Rebel Congress-Sad Condition of the Rebel Congress - Removal of Female Govern ment Clerks to Columbia, S. C .- Cur rent Prices in Georgia.

FROM THE SOUTH-WEST.

DAYTON, April 29.—A large force of the teny, consisting of intry, artillery and cavalry, tacked the pickets on the Hinggold road this morn-

REBEL CONGRESS.

Governments and maintaining order." The Colonel
KKOXVILLE, Tenn., April 23, 1864.

An engineer who has been in Rebel employ hockede runners.

An engineer who has been the Virginia line for most the form of the form

Gen. Banks's Army at Alexandria.

BATTLE NEAR CANE RIVER.

Rebel Loss 1,000 Men and Nine Pieces of Artillery.

ALL OUR GUNBOATS SAFE

REPORTED BATTLE IN ARKANSAS

The Rebels Said to have Captured 1,000 Prisoners, 240 Wagons, and Seven Guns.

CAIRO, Tuesday, May 3, 1864. By the arrival of the steamer Belle from Memphis, we have one day's later dates from Memphis, and advices from Alexandria, Red River, to the 24th of April, at which place Gen. Banks was then and in

Ecore, and when near Cane River an engagement

Gen. Marmaduke attacked and captured a train with in escort after a sharp fight. Report says he took

Guerrillas had lately captured and burned the steame aptain and two others.

Rebels in the vicinity of Camden, previous to their

The hospital steamer McDougal has arrived from Vicksburg with 163 sick and wounded from the army o Red River. Sixty-nine were left at Memphia Sh

PROM CAIRO AND BELOW.

Copperheads-Cotton in Cairo-Desert ers Seeking Northern Parms-Naviga

From Our Special Correspondent. It was reported a few days ago that Gen

THE WAR IN THE SOUTH-WEST.

yesterday arrived here, bringing late and trustworthy information from the upper counties. Parson Brownlow, who has known my informant-frem boyhood, tion of this class to allow the proprietors of machine.

He says the only military force the Rebels new have this side the Virginia line is Gen. Bucknet's division of They are scattered at different points between

FROM MISSOURI.

Militia on Duty-Rebel Plans Frustrated Disasters [West of the Mississippi-

Secretary of the secret

From a visit to the iron-clad Dictator, lying the foot of Thirteenth street, North River, we learn at about the 50th of this month steam ill be got up and ber cardines tested. In

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

The Preparations for the Advance Completed.

GEN. MEADE'S ORDER FOR THE MOVEMENT.

HIS ADDRESS TO THE SOLDIERS

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, May 4, 1864. Gen. Meade has issued the following address

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,

on the enemies of your country. The time and the oc easion are deemed opportune by your Commanding

field, and let each man earnestly implore God's blessing,

With clear consciences and strong arms, actuated by a high sense of duty, fighting to preserve the Govern ment and the institutions handed down to us by our forefathers, if true to ourselves, victory, under God's blessing, must and will attend our efforts,

GEORGE G. MEADE, Major-Gen. Comdg. Official: ---, Asst. Adjt.-Gen. Gen. Grant has issued an order prohibiting Quarternasters to issue to troops any but shelter tents. Those

who refuse these must go without. Troops in garrison stations, or in detachments, can construct buts if they protes them. The order ends thus: 1

"Any one who shall issue or direct the issue of tents other than prescribed will be tried by court-martial or reported for summary dismissal."

Gen. Meade has ordered that any soldier refusing to

do duty at this crisis, on plea of expired service, be instantly shot without trial. Important Order by Unjor-Gen. Mende

Summary Punishment of Mutinous Soldiers Ordered. Washington, Wednesday, May 4, 1864. Major-Gen. Meade, commanding the Army of e Potomac, has issued the following important orders.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, May 2, 1864. GENERAL ORDERS No. 23.—The Commanding Genera

Operations by Guerrillas near Washing ton-Attack on Burnside's Colore Troops-The Guerrillas Handsomely Repulsed.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, May 4, 1864.

The Star savs:

they were frightened off before they did any damage.
Parties from the army to-day report having heard firing on our left early this morning."

Military Affairs in New-Jersey. TRENTON, Wednesday, May 4, 1864.

Mercer County offers \$400 bounty for 259 men, the money to be paid to each man on rauster, The draft will take place here in about ten days.

The Fort Pillow Massacre. [The following letter has just been received by Mr. Blow of Missouri, respecting the treatment of our soldiers after the surrender of Fort Pillow:]

United States Steamer Silver Cloud, Mississippi River, April 22, 1984.

Mississippi River, April 22, 1864.

Sir: Since you did me the favor of recommending my appointment last August, I have been on dity aboard this boat.

I now write you with reference to the Fort Pillow massacre. I write because most of our crew are colored, and I feel personally interested in the retaliation which our Government may deal out to the Rebels, when the fact of the merciless butchery is fully established.

ordinotably and even aristically fitted up with black wainst fitting, bert-places, drawers, windows, and a cornices. The officers quarters a little forward of the center of the vessel, and lighted from the ceiling, and the personally interested in the retalations and contain at least twenty state-rooms, titted up in the same style as the engineer quarters, which may be commodious, and contain at least twenty state-rooms, titted up in the same style as the engineer quarters, which may be commodious, and contain at least twenty state-rooms, titted up in the same style as the engineer quarters, which may be commodious, and contain a test twenty state-rooms, titted up in the same style as the engineer quarters, will sleep in a room about 50 feet long by 20 feet wide, and the least arrived at the fort about 7:30 a. m., on Wedineads, the 13th, the day after the Robels captured, will sleep in a room about 50 feet long by 20 feet wide, and an on the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the seal as a flag of truce of the forth and the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butchery is fully established when the fact of the merciles butc